



Appendix Tables

The appendix tables were prepared to correspond with indicators specified by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). In general, information available to the Central Statistical Bureau was used. When necessary, supplementary data were obtained from other ministries (the Ministry of Welfare, the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Regional Development), institutions (the Academy of Sciences), and international organizations (the World Bank).

Unfortunately, the scope of statistical data on some issues related to human development is limited and all of the data suggested for inclusion by the UNDP were not available. For many

indicators, the only available data were from the last census in 1989. In some cases, calculations do not fully correspond to internationally used methodologies and definitions. It was not possible to include data from specialized research, as such research has not been conducted in recent years. Currently, the Central Statistical Bureau of Latvia is in the process of introducing international standards and methodologies.

Information in the tables of the statistical supplement in some places differs from the information that was inserted in the 1996 Human Development Report. This is because of the introduction of international standards and methodologies and the revision of some data.

1. Human Development Index: Latvia

	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Adult literacy rate (%)	Combined first-, second- and third-level gross enrollment ratio	Real GDP per capita (PPP\$)	Adjusted GDP per capita	Life expectancy index	Educational index	GDP index	Human development index	Real GDP per capita (PPP\$) rank minus HDI rank
UNDP est.										
1992 ¹	69.1	99.0	68.0	6060	5181	0.74	0.89	0.95	0.857	6
1994	66.4	99.0	69.5	3214 ²	...	0.69	0.89	...	0.721	...
1995	66.7	99.0	71.6	3273	3273	0.70	0.90	0.52	0.706	...

¹ From HDR 1995

² Short-term economic indicators OECD 1/1996

2. Profile of Human Development

	Life expectancy at birth	Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	Population per doctor	Scientists and technicians (per 1000 people)	Enrollment ratio for all levels (% age 7-23)	Tertiary full time equivalent gross enrollment ratio (19-23)		Daily* newspapers (copies per 100 people)	Television (per 100 people)	Real GDP per capita (PPP\$) ¹	GDP per capita (US\$)
						Total (%)	Female (%)				
1989	70.4	57	199	7	68.3	18.0	57.0	...	42.1	...	...
1993	67.2	30	274	2	62.1	15.3	56.3	35.6	42.2	3063	857
1994	66.4	24	296	2	69.5	21.5	56.0	23.1	...	3214	1347
1995	66.0	23	336	2	71.6	25.4	57.4	12.4	...	3273	1769
1996	69.2	15	348	...	71.6	31.3	58.9	22.5	103**	...	2017

¹ Short-term economic indicators OECD 3/1996

*) published 4-6 times a week

**) per 100 household

3. Profile of Human Distress

	Un-employment rate (%)	Adults with less than upper secondary education (as % of age 15+) ¹	Ratio of income of highest 20% of households to lowest 20%	Female wages as % of male wages	Average annual rate of inflation (%)	Deaths due to road accidents (per 100000)	Intentional homicides by men (per 100,000 males)	Reported rapes (per 100,000 women)	Sulphur and nitrogen emissions (kg of NO ₂ and SO ₂ per capita)
1989	...	39.6	...	...	262.4	30	7.3	11.3	26.6
1993	5.8	39.6	4.0	77.0	209.2	26	12.7	9.3	20.1
1994	6.5	39.6	4.5	77.0	135.9	28	9.7	9.4	24.3
1995	6.6	39.6	...	78.3	125.0	24	13.7	11.6	18.3
1996	7.2	39.6	3.0	78.5	117.6	22	18.0	9.7	21.5

¹ 1989 census *) 1st quarter

4. Trends in Human Development

	Life expectancy at birth	Tertiary full-time equivalent gross enrollment ratio (% age 19-23)	Real GDP per capita (PPP\$)	GDP per capita (US\$)	State education expenditure (as % of GDP)	State health expenditure (as % of GDP)
1989	70.4	24.5	...	...	...	...
1993	67.2	21.5	3063	857	6.1	4.1
1994	66.4	22.2	3178	1432	6.1	4.1
1995	66.7	26.5	3273	1769	6.7	3.9
1996	69.2	31.3	...	2017	6.5	3.9

5. Female-Male Gaps Females as Percentage of Males

	Life expectancy at birth	Population	Secondary enrollment	Upper-secondary graduates	University full-time equivalent enrollment	Natural and applied sciences enrollment	Labour force	Unemployment	Wages
1989	115.2	115.3	96.9	97.0	124.8	...	...	...	...
1993	119.8	115.2	100.2	100.4	106.7	...	96.3	113.5	77.0
1994	120.1	115.5	107.2	118.9	133.0	...	94.2	107.9	77.0
1995	120.3	115.8	108.0	120.1	118.0	...	95.2	109.7	78.3
1996	118.3	116.0	118.5*	169.4	120.0	...	95.7	120.8	78.5

*) Labour force survey data, November 1996

6. Status of Women

	Life expectancy at birth	Average age of first marriage	Maternal mortality rate (per 100 000 live births)	Secondary net enrollment ratio (%)	Upper-secondary graduates (as % of females of normal graduate age)	Tertiary fulltime equivalent gross enrollment ratio (% of females aged 19-23)	Tertiary natural and applied science enrollment (as % of female tertiary)	Women in labour force (as % of labour force)	Administrators and managers (% female)	Parliament (% of seats occupied by women)
1989	75.2	23.0	56.5	...	...	...	...	54.9	...	34.8 ¹
1993	73.8	22.5	29.8	51.0	50.1	56.3	...	47.8	...	15.0
1994	72.9	22.5	45.3	51.0	54.0	56.0	...	48.6	...	...
1995	73.1	22.8	23.2	51.1	53.8	57.4	...	48.9	...	8.0
1996	75.6	23.2	15.2	50.5	50.1	...	...	48.9	41.3	...

¹ 1980

7. Demographic Profile

	Estimated population (millions)	Annual population growth rate	Total fertility rate	Contraceptive prevalence rate (%)	Dependency ratio (%)	Population aged 60 and over (%)	Life expectancy at age 60	
							Male	Female
1989	2.7	1.0	2.1	...	43.4	17.4	15.3	20.1
1993	2.6	-1.9	1.5	...	43.1	18.8	14.5	20.1
1994	2.6	-1.4	1.4	18.9	43.2	18.9	16.2	19.7
1995	2.5	-1.1	1.3	18.9	43.1	19.1	14.2	19.3
1996	2.5	-0.9	1.2	20.7	42.3	19.4	14.1	21.3

8. Health Profile

	Deaths from circulatory system diseases (as % of all causes)	Deaths from malignant cancers (as % of all causes)	Registered alcohol consumption (litres per adult)	Adults who smoke (%) ¹		Population per doctor	Health bills paid by public insurance	State expenditures on health (as % of total State expenditures)	State expenditures on health (as % of GDP)
				Male	Female				
1989	60.2	17.1	5.7	...	...	199	...	...	...
1993	56.2	14.0	6.4	...	...	274	...	9.7	4.1
1994	55.9	13.4	7.8	55	17	296	...	14.3	4.2
1995	55.8	14.1	9.1	...	...	336	...	15.4	3.9
1996	55.5	16.0	8.4	...	...	348	...	10.3	3.9

¹ Source: Living Conditions Survey 1994

9. Education Profile

	Population coverage by all levels of education (% age 7-23)	Upper secondary full-time equivalent gross enrollment ratio	Upper-secondary full-time equivalent gross enrollment ratio	Tertiary full-time equivalent gross enrollment ratio	Tertiary natural and applied science enrollment	Expenditure on tertiary education (as % of all levels)	Public expenditure per tertiary student	State expenditure on education (as % of GDP)
1989	76.5	98.0	94.2	24.5	...	...	...	...
1993	68.2	93.6	82.4	21.5	...	14.1	...	6.1
1994	69.5	91.6	81.7	22.2	...	13.6	...	6.3
1995	71.6	87.6	82.0	26.4	...	12.0	...	6.7
1996	71.6	83.8	83.8	31.3	...	12.3	...	6.5

10. Human Capital Formation

	Scientists and technicians (per 1000 people)	Expenditure on research and development (as % of GDP)	Upper secondary graduates (as % of population of normal graduate age 18 years)	Tertiary graduates (as % of population of normal graduate age 23 years)	Science graduates (as % of total graduates)
1989	8.4	...	...	...	...
1993	2.6	0.49	...	...	...
1994	2.1	0.41	75.2	16.9	...
1995	2.1	0.51	74.9	21.7	...
1996	...	...	...	...	...

11. Employment

	Labour force (as % of total population)	Percentage of labour force in			Future labour force employment ratio	Earnings per employee annual growth rate (%)	Percentage of labour force unionized	Weekly hours of work	Expenditures on labour market programmes
		Agriculture	Industry	Services					
1989	52.7	16.0	40.0	44.0	...	...	...	...	...
1993	51.1	19.5	28.5	52.0	...	120	...	39.5	...
1994	51.0	19.3	26.1	54.6	...	52	...	39.5	...
1995	50.7	18.5	25.1	56.4	...	25	...	39.5	...
1996	49.0	18.3	24.9	56.8	...	11.6	...	39.5	...

12. Unemployment

	Unemployed persons (thousands)	Unemployment rate		Unemployment benefits expenditure (as % of total government expenditures)	Incidence of long-term unemployment (more than 6 months)
		Total	Female		
1989	...	...	...	...	...
1993	76.7	5.8	...	2.0	32.9
1994	83.9	6.5	6.9	1.5	43.0
1995	83.2	6.6	7.2	1.0	45.0
1996	90.8	7.2	8.9	1.1	54.5

13. Military Expenditures and Resources Use Imbalances

	Defence expenditures ¹			Military expenditures (as % of GDP)	Military expenditures (as % of combined education and health expenditures)
	US\$ millions (1985 prices)	As % of GDP	Per capita (US\$ 1985 prices)		
1992	40	0.5	15	...	...
1993	0.8	8.2
1994	0.8	9.1
1995
1996	0.9	8.7

¹ Source: Human Development Report 1995

14. Natural Resources Balance Sheet

	Land area (thousands of km ²)	Population density (people per km ²)	Arable land and permanent cropland (as % of land area)	Forest and wooded land (as % of land area)	Drained land (as % of arable land area)	Internal renewable water resources per capita (1000 m ³ per year)	Annual fresh water withdrawals (per capita m ³)
1989	64.6	41.3	39.8	43.2	31.9	...	260.4 ²
1993	64.6	40.0	39.3	44.0	30.1	5.7 ¹	196.8
1994	64.6	39.4	39.3	44.0	...	...	187.1
1995	64.6	38.9	39.3	44.6	...	...	181.1
1996	64.6	36.9	39.0	44.3	62.0	...	172.4

¹ Source: Human Development Report 1995

² 1991

15. National Income Accounts

	Total GDP (millions of lats)	Agricul- tural produc- tion (as % of GDP)	Indus- trial produc- tion (as % of GDP)	Ser- vices (as % of GDP)	Private con- sump- tion (as % of GDP)	Gross domestic invest- ment (as % of GDP)	Tax revenue (as % of GDP)	Central govern- ment expendi- tures (as % of GDP)	Exports (as % of GDP)	Imports (as % of GDP)
1990	62.4	20	33	47	52.7	...	...	...	...	...
1993	1467.0	11	21	48	52.5	13.8	31.2	28.1	73.2	57.0
1994	2042.6	10	25	59	58.7	14.9	31.1	39.6	46.5	44.9
1995	2349.2	10	25	57	59.4	16.6	33.6	35.7	47.1	49.1
1996	2768.4	9	26	58	...	...	...	39.7	...	...

16. Trends in Economic Performance

	GDP annual growth rate ¹	GDP per capita annual growth rate ¹	Consumer price index (as % of previous year)	Exports as % of GDP (annual growth rate)	Overall budget deficit (as % of GDP)
1990	2.9	...	110.5	...	...
1993	- 14.9	- 13.2	209.2	- 6.7	0.1
1994	0.6	2.3	135.9	- 6.2	1.98
1995	- 0.8	- 0.3	125.0	6.9	3.8
1996	2.8	3.8	117.6	11.2	0.8

¹ At average prices 1993

17. Wealth, Poverty and Social Investment

	Real GDP per capita (PPP\$)	Share of industrial GDP	Income share (highest 20% to lowest 20%)	Social security benefits expenditure (as % of GDP)	State education expenditure (as % of GDP)	State health expenditure (as % of GDP)
1989	...	33	...	...	...	...
1993	3064	21	4.0	9.2	6.1	4.1
1994	3178	25	4.5	11.6	6.1	4.1
1995	3228	25	...	11.6	6.7	3.9
1996	3228	26	3.0	14.5	6.5	3.9

18. Communication Profile

	Radios (per 100 people)	Tele- visions (per 100 people)	Annual cinema attend- ances (per person)	Annual museum attend- ances (per person)	Daily news- papers (copies per 100 people)	Book titles published (per 100,000 people)	Letters posted (per capita)	Tele- phones per 100 people	Motor vehicles (per 100 people) ¹
1989	46.5	42.1	9.0	1.6	...	72.3	42	24	9.9
1993	53.7	42.2	0.7	0.5	35.6	61.9	10	27	14.3
1994	...	...	0.6	0.5	23.1	65.4	7	28	9.9
1995	...	...	0.4	0.5	12.4	78.2	7	29	13.3
1996	61*	103*	0.4	0.5	22.5	78.9	11	30	15.3

*) per 100 household

19. Urbanization

	Urban population (as % of total)	Urban population annual growth rate	Population in largest city (as % of urban)	Population in cities of more than 40 thsd. (as % of urban)	Population in cities of more than 40 thsd. (as % of total)
1989	69.2	0.4	49.2	74.6	51.7
1993	69.2	- 0.9	48.2	73.4	50.8
1994	69.1	- 1.6	48.1	73.2	50.6
1995	69.0	- 1.2	47.9	73.1	50.4
1996	69.1	- 0.8	47.6	72.3	49.9

Note: Information on 1996 may be specified.

20. Weakening Social Fabric

	Prisoners (per 100,000 people)	Juveniles (as % of total convicted 14-17 year olds)	Reported rapes (per 100,000 people)	Drug crimes (per 100,000 people)	Divorces (as % of marriages contracted)	Births outside marriage (%)	Suicides by men (per 100,000)
1989	262.7	15.4	6.0	2.6	45.9	15.9	37.9
1993	208.7	10.8	5.0	8.4	70.4	23.0	72.2
1994	253.6	10.5	5.1	10.9	72.7	26.4	70.9
1995	256.9	10.9	6.3	10.8	70.6	29.9	70.8
1996	250.3	11.9	5.2	14.5	62.8	33.1	64.2